

Rapid Response and Deployment

424.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Violence that is committed in schools, workplaces and other locations by individuals or a group of individuals who are determined to target and kill persons and to create mass casualties presents a difficult situation for law enforcement. The purpose of this policy is to identify guidelines and factors that will assist responding officers in situations that call for rapid response and deployment.

424.1.1 DEFINITIONS

- (a) **Active Shooter:** An individual, or individuals, who are actively causing injury or death through the use of a weapon or weapons capable of causing serious injury or death.
- (b) **Command Post:** An area designated where responding personnel will report and assignments will be made.
- (c) **Contact Team:** The first responding officer(s) that attempt to stop the active shooter(s) through a response to the area of the immediate threat.
- (d) **Rescue Team:** A team of law enforcement and Emergency Medical Services personnel that respond when an area is clear of immediate danger for the purpose of rendering first-aid and/or removing injured subjects from the scene.
- (e) **Incident Commander:** The first supervisor, or highest ranking officer, not involved in a contact team status, that will remain at the command post and direct incoming resources.
- (f) **HOT Zone:** That area of an emergency response incident that is immediately affected by an active shooter and would be restricted to law enforcement personnel response only due to the potential of an immediate threat of injury or death.
- (g) **WARM Zone:** That area of an emergency response incident that has been cleared by law enforcement personnel and although may still pose a potential threat of injury or death, has been deemed accessible to EMS personnel, accompanied by law enforcement officers, to treat and/or remove injured individuals.

424.2 POLICY

The Barstow Police Department will endeavor to plan for rapid response to crisis situations, and to coordinate response planning with other emergency services as well as with those that are responsible for operating sites that may be the target of a critical incident.

Nothing in this policy shall preclude the use of reasonable force, deadly or otherwise, by members of the Department in protecting themselves or others from death or serious injury.

424.3 FIRST RESPONSE

If there is a reasonable belief that acts or threats by a suspect are placing lives in imminent danger, first responding officers should consider reasonable options to reduce, prevent or eliminate the

Barstow Police Department

Barstow PD CA Policy Manual

Rapid Response and Deployment

threat. Officers must decide, often under a multitude of difficult and rapidly evolving circumstances, whether to advance on the suspect, take other actions to deal with the threat or wait for additional resources.

If a suspect is actively engaged in the infliction of serious bodily harm or other life-threatening activity toward others, officers should take immediate action, if reasonably practicable, while requesting additional assistance.

Officers should remain aware of the possibility that an incident may be part of a coordinated multi-location attack that may require some capacity to respond to other incidents at other locations.

When deciding on a course of action officers should consider:

- (a) Whether to advance on or engage a suspect who is still a possible or perceived threat to others. Any advance or engagement should be based on information known or received at the time.
- (b) Whether to wait for additional resources or personnel. This does not preclude an individual officer from taking immediate action.
- (c) Whether individuals who are under imminent threat can be moved or evacuated with reasonable safety.
- (d) Whether the suspect can be contained or denied access to victims.
- (e) Whether the officers have the ability to effectively communicate with other personnel or resources.
- (f) Whether planned tactics can be effectively deployed.
- (g) The availability of rifles, shotguns, shields, breaching tools, control devices and any other appropriate tools, and whether the deployment of these tools will provide a tactical advantage.

In a case of a barricaded suspect with no hostages and no immediate threat to others, officers should consider summoning and waiting for additional assistance (special tactics and/or hostage negotiation team response).

424.3.1 RESPONSE TO SCHOOL THREATS

Upon receiving a threat or perceived threat from a school official that involves grades 6 to 12, officers shall immediately investigate and conduct a threat assessment. The investigation shall include a review of the firearm registry of the California Department of Justice. A reasonable search of the school at issue shall be conducted when the search is justified by reasonable suspicion that it would produce evidence related to the threat or perceived threat (Education Code § 49394).

For purposes of this subsection a "threat" or "perceived threat" means any writing or action of a pupil that creates a reasonable suspicion that the pupil is preparing to commit a homicidal act related to school or a school activity. This may include possession, use, or depictions of firearms, ammunition, shootings, or targets in association with infliction of physical harm, destruction, or death in a social media post, journal, class note, or other media associated with the pupil. It may also include a warning by a parent, pupil, or other individual (Education Code § 49390).

Barstow Police Department

Barstow PD CA Policy Manual

Rapid Response and Deployment

424.4 TRAINING

All officers of the Barstow Police Department will be trained in the proper response to an active shooter/emergency response incident. Training will be conducted annually at the direction of the Patrol Division Commander and under the instruction of the Department Rangemaster, Special Response Team members, or additional qualified Department instructors.

Periodic active shooter/emergency response training will be conducted with the Barstow Fire Department, or other EMS personnel with jurisdiction in the City of Barstow. EMS personnel will be incorporated into response plans as first-responders to active shooter/emergency response incidents, although at no time will EMS personnel be subject to entry to a Hot Zone.

424.5 CONSIDERATIONS

When dealing with a crisis situation members should:

- (a) Assess the immediate situation and take reasonable steps to maintain operative control of the incident.
- (b) Obtain, explore and analyze sources of intelligence and known information regarding the circumstances, location and suspect involved in the incident.
- (c) Attempt to attain a tactical advantage over the suspect by reducing, preventing or eliminating any known or perceived threat.
- (d) Attempt, if feasible and based upon the suspect's actions and danger to others, a negotiated surrender of the suspect and release of the hostages.

424.6 PLANNING

The Patrol Division Commander should coordinate critical incident planning. Planning efforts should consider:

- (a) Identification of likely critical incident target sites, such as schools, shopping centers, entertainment and sporting event venues.
- (b) Availability of building plans and venue schematics of likely critical incident target sites.
- (c) Communications interoperability with other law enforcement and emergency service agencies.
- (d) Training opportunities in critical incident target sites, including joint training with site occupants.
- (e) Evacuation routes in critical incident target sites.
- (f) Patrol first-response training.
- (g) Response coordination and resources of emergency medical and fire services.
- (h) Equipment needs.
- (i) Mutual aid agreements with other agencies.
- (j) Coordination with private security providers in critical incident target sites.